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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product IdentityBulldog Fiber Roof Coating #106AFAlternate NamesBulldog Fiber Roof Coating #106AF

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Palmer Asphalt Company

196 West 5th St., P.O. Box 58

Bayonne, NJ 07002

Emergency

Emergency Telephone No. (201) 339-0855

8:00a.m. - 5:00p.m. EST

After Hours CHEMTREC (800) 424 - 9300

2. Hazard(s) Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carc. 2;H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

STOT RE 1;H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (central nervous system)

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

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H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

[Prevention]:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

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P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Asphalt (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008052-42-4	50 - 75	Not Classified	[1][2]
Stoddard solvent CAS Number: 0008052-41-3	25 - 50	STOT RE 1;H372 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]
Styrene-Butadiene polymer CAS Number: 0009003-55-8	1.0 - 10	Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]
MICA CAS Number: 0012001-26-2	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]
Magnesium aluminum silicate CAS Number: 0012174-11-7	1.0 - 10	Carc. 2;H351	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic CAS Number: 0064742-95-6	1.0 - 10	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
Cellulose CAS Number: 0009004-34-6	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]
1-Propanamine, 3-(isodecyloxy)-, acetate CAS Number: 0028701-67-9	1.0 - 10	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Mineral Spirits and Aromatic Petroleum Distillate - excessive inhalation of vapors can

cause irritation of nose or throat, dizziness, weakness fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation. Remove individual to fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention immediately.

Eyes Petroleum distillate (mineral spirits), petroleum asphalt, fibers and minerals can cause

severe irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision. Fibers may cause mechanical irritation. Flush immediately with running water for 15 minutes, lifting the upper and lower

lids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

^[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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Skin

Petroleum Distillate and Asphalt - prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting dermatitis. Remove contaminated clothing, thoroughly wash exposed area with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If irritation or redness develops and persists, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Aspiration hazard. DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT - transport to hospital immediately. **GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.** Note to Physician - perform gastric lavage in accordance with procedures for ingestion of petroleum products.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview

Emergency Overview: Silvery liquid. Can cause headache, dizziness, drowsiness, or irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system. If inhaled, leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention immediately.

Potential Health Effect/Rate of Entry:

Inhalation:Can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness, stupor, irritation to respiratory system.

Eves: Can cause irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Skin: Can cause irritation.

Aggravated Medical Conditions: Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Variability Among Individuals: Health studies have shown that individual sensitivities vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to vapors, liquids, mists, or fumes should be minimized.

Effects of Overexposure: (Signs and symptoms of exposure) High vapor concentrations (>1000 ppm) are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, and may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects, including death.

Pre-existing Medical Conditions Which May be Aggravated by Exposure: Person with pre-existing central nervous system disease, skin disorders, or chronic respiratory disease should avoid exposure to this product.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression.

Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.

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Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. **Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure:** Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Class "B" dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or other suitable extinguishing material such as dry sand. Do not use halogenated agents. When flames have been eliminated, cover residue with dry extinguishing agent or dry sand and allow it to remain undisturbed until it has cooled. If fire appears to increase in intensity, stop using these agents. Apply Class "D" extinguishing agent or more dry, inert, granular material. Ring fire with extinguishing material and allow the fire to burn out.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: May form toxic materials, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and nitrogen oxides.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Skin

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

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Avoid contact with skin, PPE should be worn and any breathing apparatus if necessary.

If the fire does not respond to above agents or they are not available, use foam or water FOG as a last resort. Water may also be used to cool exposed, but not burning, containers. These products may float and be re-ignited on top of water.

Closed containers may explode in a fire. Keep containers cool and remove to a safe location.

In a confined space, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face-piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area.

ERG Guide No. ----

6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Release Response Overview: Remove sources of ignition immediately. Ventilate to reduce the airborne contaminant concentration below the exposure limit in Section 2 of the MSDS. Absorb spill in sand, earth, or other suitable material. Transfer to appropriate container for disposal. ASSURE CONFORMITY WITH APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL REGULATIONS.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep dust to a minimum.

Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers cool, dry, and away from sources of ignition. Use this product with adequate ventilation. Material is COMBUSTIBLE. Material requires electrical grounding during material transfer process. All electrical equipment in storage or handling areas should be installed per NFPA requirements.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in closed container. Keep product and vapor away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not store in direct sunlight. Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin and eyes. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Change soiled work clothes frequently. Clean hands thoroughly after handling. To prevent gases, vapors or fumes from migrating into occupied sections of the building, close or cover all openings including windows, doors, and air intakes during

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and after application until gases, vapors or fumes dissipate. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage. Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

"Empty" Container Warning: Dispose of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. "Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. For work on tanks, refer to OSHA regulation ANSI Z49.1 and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B
		NIOSH	Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0009003-55-8	Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
0009004-34-6	Cellulose	OSHA	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
	ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m3	
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0012001-26-2	MICA	OSHA	TWA 20 mppcf
		ACGIH	TWA: 3 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 3 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0012174-11-7	Magnesium aluminum silicate	OSHA	No Established Limit

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		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0028701-67-9	1-Propanamine, 3-(isodecyloxy)-, acetate	OSHA	No Established Limit
	ACGIH	No Established Limit	
	NIOSH	No Established Limit	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
0064742-95-6	064742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	No Established Limit
aromatic	ACGIH	No Established Limit	
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
	Supplier	No Established Limit	

The exposure limits for nuisance dust are: OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m3 (50 mppcf*) TWA, ACGIH 10 mg/m3.

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
			Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0009003-55-8	Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0009004-34-6	Cellulose	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0012001-26-2	2 MICA O		Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0012174-11-7	Magnesium aluminum silicate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0028701-67-9	1-Propanamine, 3-(isodecyloxy)-,	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
acetate		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
aromatic		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		

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IARC Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory In case of burning material, use SCAB.

Eyes Use safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin Protective clothing as necessary to prevent wetting of the skin. Wear nitrile or similar

chemical resistant gloves to keep skin contact to a minimum.

Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any gloves used.

Use only with ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or **Engineering Controls**

build-up of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. Use explosion-proof equipment. No

smoking or open lights.

Keep containers closed when not in use. DO NOT STORE NEAR HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME OR STRONG OXIDANTS. To prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulations and discharge, effectively ground product transfer system in accordance with NFPA standard

for petroleum products.

Other Work Practices Minimize breathing vapor or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove

> contaminated clothing; launder or dry clean before reuse. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean and dry before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet.

Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Black Liquid

Odor Petroleum solvent **Odor threshold** Not Measured pН Not applicable

Melting point / freezing point Not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range 300°F IBP (ASTM D 86), Mineral Spirits

Flash Point (Minimum) 100°F TCC (Mineral Spirits) ASTM D 3143

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits **Lower Explosive Limit: 0.9%**

Upper Explosive Limit: 6.7%

Vapor pressure (Pa) Approximately 2.9 mm Hg @ 20°C, Mineral Spirits **Vapor Density**

Approximately 4.9 (air = 1.0), Mineral Spirits

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Specific Gravity Greater than 1.00

Solubility in Water Negligible

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not Measured

Auto-ignition temperature Greater than 400°F, ASTM E 659

Decomposition temperatureNot availableViscosity (cSt)Not availableVOC ContentNot available

% Volatile Less than 40 (by volume)

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May form toxic materials, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and nitrogen oxides.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse

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effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Asphalt (petroleum) - (0008052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Stoddard solvent - (0008052-41-3)	> 5,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	5.50, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (0009003-55-8)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
MICA - (0012001-26-2)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Magnesium aluminum silicate - (0012174-11-7)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (0064742-95-6)	6,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	3,400.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
Cellulose - (0009004-34-6)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	No data available	No data available
1-Propanamine, 3-(isodecyloxy)-, acetate - (0028701-67-9)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	2	Suspected of causing cancer.
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Asphalt (petroleum) - (0008052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Stoddard solvent - (0008052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (0009003-55-8)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
MICA - (0012001-26-2)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Magnesium aluminum silicate - (0012174-11-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (0064742-95-6)	9.22, Oncorhynchus mykiss	6.14, Daphnia magna	19.00 (72 hr), Selenastrum capricornutum
Cellulose - (0009004-34-6)	100.00, Fish (Piscis)	Not Available	Not Available
1-Propanamine, 3-(isodecyloxy)-, acetate - (0028701-67-9)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

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13. Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Bury in an approved landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers that have been completely emptied and the residue allowed to dry are not considered hazardous waste.

14. Transport Information

DOT (Domestic Surface IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA Transportation) **Transportation**) 14.1. UN number Not Applicable Not Regulated Not Regulated 14.2. UN proper shipping Not Regulated Not Regulated Not Regulated name 14.3. Transport hazard **DOT Hazard Class: Not IMDG:** Not Applicable Air Class: Not Applicable **Applicable** Sub Class: Not Applicable class(es) 14.4. Packing group Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

15. Regulatory Information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B3 D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes
Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

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To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Magnesium aluminum silicate

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

MICA

Stoddard solvent

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

MICA

Stoddard solvent

16. Other Information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

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H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

The information and recommendations contained herein are the best of PALMER ASPHALT'S knowledge and belief, accurate, and reliable as of the date issued. PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and PALMER ASPHALT shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for this particular use.

The Environmental Information included under Section 12 hereof as well as the Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included by PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with PALMER ASPHALT'S interpretation of the available data.

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