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#### 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity

Alternate Names

Bulldog Asphalt Primer #82

Bulldog Asphalt Primer #82

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Palmer Asphalt Company

196 West 5th St., P.O. Box 58

Bayonne, NJ 07002

Emergency Telephone No. (201) 339-0855

8:00a.m. - 5:00p.m. EST

After Hours CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 (Domestic – No. America)

## 2. Hazard(s) Identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Lig. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

STOT RE 1;H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (central nervous system )

#### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



### Danger

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### [Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

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P235 Keep cool.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

#### [Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

#### [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Stoddard solvent CAS Number: 0008052-41-3	25 - 50	STOT RE 1;H372 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]
Asphalt (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008052-42-4	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1][2]
Bitumen(containing aromatic oils) CAS Number: 0064742-93-4	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
- [3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

<sup>\*</sup>The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation** Mineral Spirits and Aromatic Petroleum Distillate - excessive inhalation of vapors can

cause irritation of nose or throat, dizziness, weakness fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation. Remove individual to fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention immediately.

**Eyes** Petroleum distillate (mineral spirits) and petroleum asphalt can cause severe irritation,

redness, tearing, and blurred vision. Flush immediately with running water for 15 minutes,

lifting the upper and lower lids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin** Petroleum Distillate and Asphalt - prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate

irritation, defatting dermatitis. Remove contaminated clothing, thoroughly wash exposed area with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If irritation or redness develops and

persists, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard. DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT - transport to hospital immediately. GET

MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Note to Physician - perform gastric lavage in

accordance with procedures for ingestion of petroleum products.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview

**Emergency Overview:** Black liquid. Can cause headache, dizziness, drowsiness, or irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system. If inhaled, leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention immediately.

#### Potential Health Effect/Rate of Entry:

Inhalation: Can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness, stupor, irritation to

respiratory system.

Eyes: Can cause irritation.

**Ingestion:** Can cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Skin: Can cause irritation.

**Aggravated Medical Conditions:** Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, and respiratory disorders

may be aggravated by exposure.

**Variability Among Individuals:** Health studies have shown that individual sensitivities vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to vapors, liquids, mists, or fumes should

be minimized.

**Effects of Overexposure:** (Signs and symptoms of exposure) High vapor concentrations (>1000 ppm) are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, and may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects, including death.

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**Pre-existing Medical Conditions Which May be Aggravated by Exposure:** Person with pre-existing central nervous system disease, skin disorders, or chronic respiratory disease should avoid exposure to this product.

Chronic Health Effects: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with these products may result in irritation and dermatitis. Although a direct association between asphalt and cancer or other lung disease has not been established in man, asphalts contain variable amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other volatiles which have been shown to cause cancer and respiratory damage in animals. Prolonged or repeated exposure to petroleum distillates (Petroleum naphtha, Stoddard solvent, or mineral spirits) may cause the defatting, irritation, dermatitis, narcotic and CNS effects described above, liver effects, and jaundice. Kidney and lung effects have been noted in some animals.

Nature of Hazard and Toxicity Information: Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product tends to remove skin oils possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis. However, based on human experience and available toxicological data, this product is judged to be neither a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria. Product contacting the eyes may cause eye irritation. Product has a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. DO NOT USE WATER.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking. Keep cool.

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Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Avoid contact with skin, PPE should be worn and any breathing apparatus if necessary.

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#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Release Response Overview:** Remove sources of ignition immediately. Ventilate to reduce the airborne contaminant concentration below the exposure limit in Section 2 of the MSDS. Absorb spill in sand, earth, or other suitable material. Transfer to appropriate container for disposal. ASSURE CONFORMITY WITH APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL REGULATIONS.

## 7. Handling and Storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep dust to a minimum.

Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers cool, dry, and away from sources of ignition. Use this product with adequate ventilation. Material is COMBUSTIBLE. Material requires electrical grounding during material transfer process. All electrical equipment in storage or handling areas should be installed per NFPA requirements.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in closed container. Keep product and vapor away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not store in direct sunlight. Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin and eyes. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Change soiled work clothes frequently. Clean hands thoroughly after handling. To prevent gases, vapors or fumes from migrating into occupied sections of the building, close or cover all openings including windows, doors, and air intakes during

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and after application until gases, vapors or fumes dissipate. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage. Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents and acids.

"Empty" Container Warning: Dispose of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. "Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. For work on tanks, refer to OSHA regulation ANSI Z49.1 and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-42-4 Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit	
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B
	NIOSH	Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
0064742-93-4 Bitumen(containing aromatic oils)	OSHA	No Established Limit	
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

#### **Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP Known: No; Suspected: No	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

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0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0064742-93-4	Bitumen(containing aromatic oils)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: Yes; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory** If irritation occurs or when the airborne contaminant level (s) exceed the exposure limits

indicated on the MSDS, wear appropriate, properly fitted, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Use respiratory protection under your company's respiratory protection program, local regulations or OSHA

regulations under 29 CFR 1910.134.

**Eyes** Use safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield.

**Skin** Use chemical resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid

contaminating regular clothing which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact. Use chemical resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

build-up of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. Use explosion-proof equipment. No

smoking or open lights.

Other Work Practices Minimize breathing vapor or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove

contaminated clothing; launder or dry clean before reuse. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean and dry before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet.

Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Keep containers closed when not in use. DO NOT STORE NEAR HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME OR STRONG OXIDANTS. To prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulations and discharge, effectively ground product transfer system in accordance with NFPA standard

for petroleum products.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Black Liquid
Odor Petroleum solvent
Odor threshold Not Measured
pH Not applicable
Melting point / freezing point Not applicable

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Initial boiling point and boiling range 300°F IBP (ASTM D 86), Mineral Spirits

Flash Point (Minimum) 100°F TCC (Mineral Spirits) ASTM D 3143

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower Explosive Limit: 0.7%

Upper Explosive Limit: 6%

Vapor pressure (Pa)Approximately 2.9 mm Hg @ 20°C, Mineral SpiritsVapor DensityApproximately 4.9 (air = 1.0), Mineral SpiritsSpecific Gravity0.87 - 0.98

Solubility in Water Not Measured

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Not Measured

**Auto-ignition temperature** Greater than 400°F, ASTM E 659

Decomposition temperatureNot availableViscosity (cSt)Not availableVOC ContentNot available% VolatileLess than 40

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents and acids.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

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## 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Stoddard solvent - (0008052-41-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Asphalt (petroleum) - (0008052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Bitumen(containing aromatic oils) - (0064742-93-4)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

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### 12. Ecological Information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

#### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Stoddard solvent - (0008052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Asphalt (petroleum) - (0008052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Bitumen(containing aromatic oils) - (0064742-93-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### 13. Disposal Considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

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### 14. Transport Information

**DOT (Domestic Surface** 

Transportation)

IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)

ICAO/IATA

14.1. UN number

Not Applicable

N/A

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping

N/A

N/A

N/A

name

**DOT Hazard Class:** 

IMDG: N/A

Sub Class: N/A

Air Class: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

NONE

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

### 15. Regulatory Information

**Regulatory Overview** The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA)
WHMIS Classification

Inventory. B3 D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): No Delayed (Chronic): Yes

#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

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To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Bitumen(containing aromatic oils)

Stoddard solvent

#### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Stoddard solvent

#### 16. Other Information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

The information and recommendations contained herein are the best of PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY'S knowledge and belief, accurate, and reliable as of the date issued. PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for this particular use. The Environmental Information included under Section 12 hereof as well as the Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included by PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY'S interpretation of the available data.

**End of Document**