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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity

Alternate Names

Bulldog Coal Tar Primer
Bulldog Coal Tar Primer
Bulldog Coal Tar Primer

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data SheetApplication MethodSee Technical Data Sheet

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name

Palmer Asphalt Company 196 West 5th St., P.O. Box 58

Bayonne, NJ 07002

Emergency Telephone No. (201) 339-0855

8:00a.m. - 5:00p.m. EST

After Hours CHEMTREC:

(800) - 424-9300 (Domestic - No. America)

(703) - 527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Muta. 1B H340 Carc. 1A H350 Repr. 1B H360 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

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Precautionary statements (GHS-US)



: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P321 -

Specific treatment (see details on this label)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use powder, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local, regional,

and national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Skin irritation may be aggravated by exposure to sunlight/UV rays.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
pitch, coal tar, high-temp	(CAS No) 65996-93-2	59.9569175 - 63.56878	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	(CAS No) 64742-95-6	24.45 - 31.2	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	(CAS No) 95-63-6	<= 9.984	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation: vapor), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
fluoranthene	(CAS No) 206-44-0	2.1165 - 2.618	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
phenanthrene	(CAS No) 85-01-8	1.8343 - 2.3936	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
benzo[a]anthracene	(CAS No) 56-55-3	0.8466 - 1.0472	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
chrysene	(CAS No) 218-01-9	0.77605 - 1.0472	Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
benzo[a]pyrene	(CAS No) 50-32-8	0.77605 - 0.9724	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	(CAS No) 193-39-5	0.57851 - 0.74052	Carc. 1B, H350
benzo[e]acephenanthrylene	(CAS No) 205-99-2	0.5644 - 0.6732	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
cumene	(CAS No) 98-82-8	<= 0.3432	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
dibenz(a,h)anthracene	(CAS No) 53-70-3	0.1411 - 0.187	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
dibenzo(a,i)pyrene	(CAS No) 189-55-9	0.1411 - 0.187	Carc. 1B, H350

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash

with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Consult a doctor/medical service. Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Irritating to the respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor

concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS(central nervous system) symptoms and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations

may produce CNS depression.

: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching Symptoms/injuries after skin contact and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can be absorbed through the

skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Photosensitization of the skin may occur. This irritation has a burning sensation somewhat like sunburn and is accentuated by sunlight. Repeat or prolonged contact may contribute to conditions such as dermatitis, tar

warts, and rough skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms

include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration

can result in severe lung damage or death.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishingmedia

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand. Dry Chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Treat as a fuel fire. Water and foam may cause frothing. When cooling/extinguishing: no water in the substance.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open

flames. No smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible.

Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling

: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation

of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Hygiene measures : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof equipment. Use only non-sparking

tools.

Storage conditions : Keep away from ignition sources, Keep container closed when not in use, Keep container

tightly closed, Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible materials : Strong bases. Strong acids. Oxidizing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

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SECTION 8: Ex B.1. Control p	posure controls/personal protection arameters		
Bulldog Coal Tar	Primer		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
benzo[e]acephena	anthrylene (205-99-2)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
phenanthrene (85	5-01-8)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		_
dibenz(a,h)anthra	acene (53-70-3)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
benzo[a]anthrace	ne (56-55-3)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
fluoranthene (206-	-44-0)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
dibenzo(a,i)pyrene	(189-55-9)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		_
chrysene(218-01-	9)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
indeno(1,2,3-cd)p	yrene(193-39-5)		
ACGIH	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable		
oitch, coal tar, hig	h-temp (65996-93-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Cancer	







Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).] (64742-95-6)

ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

cumene (98-82-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye, skin, & URT irr; CNS impair
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	245 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	25 ppm
OSHA	Not applicable	

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.



Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Use of protective creams and sunscreen agents are recommended. Protective creams or

"barrier creams" form a film that acts as both a chemical and physical "barrier" between skin and the contaminant and tends to penetration of the contaminant into the pores of the skin. In applying "barrier" creams, be sure the skin is clean and dry. Sunscreen agents filter out

most of the rays from the sun.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : a thin black liquid - water thin primer viscosity.

Color : Blac

Odor : Tar odor; Aromatic Solvent Odor.

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available

Flash point : $> 105 \, ^{\circ}F$

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : ≈ 1.08 g/cm³

Solubility : Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture :

• benzo[a]pyrene: < 0.00001 g/100ml • benzo[e]acephenanthrylene: < 0.00001 g/100ml • naphthalene: 0.0030 g/100ml • phenanthrene: insoluble • pyrene: 0.000012 g/100ml • dibenz(a,h)anthracene: 0.0000025 g/100ml • benzo[a]anthracene: 0.00001 g/100ml • fluoranthene: 0.000026 g/100ml • dibenzo(a,i)pyrene: insoluble • chrysene: 0.0000020 g/100ml • indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene: < 0.00001 g/100ml • acenaphthene: insoluble • cumene:

0.005 g/100ml • 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene: 0.0060 g/100ml

Log Pow : No data available
Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : ≈ 50 cSt

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidizing properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available







SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
LD50 oral rat	1800 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	1800.000 mg/kg bodyweight

fluoranthene (206-44-0)	
LD50 oral rat	2000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3180 mg/kg (Rabbit)
ATE US (oral)	2000.000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	3180.000 mg/kg bodyweight

pitch, coal tar, high-temp (65996-93-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15000 mg/kg bodyweight (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)

cumene (98-82-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat; Other; Literature study; 4000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Other; Inconclusive, insufficient data)
LD50 dermal rabbit	10578 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	40 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	8000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (dermal)	10578.000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	8000.000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	40.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	40.000 mg/l/4h

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1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature; 6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3440 mg/kg (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	18 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE US (vapors)	18.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	18.000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

benzo[e]acephenanthrylene (205-99-2)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
phenanthrene (85-01-8)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)	
IARC group	2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

benzo[a]anthracene (56-55-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

fluoranthene (206-44-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

dibenzo(a,i)pyrene (189-55-9)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

chrysene (218-01-9)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans







indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene(193-39-5)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

oitch, coal tar, high-temp (65996-93-2)	4. Complete and	to humana
ARC group	1 - Carcinogenic	to humans
2, man = (00, 02, 0)		
cumene (98-82-8) ARC group	2B - Possibly car	rcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity		: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard)	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Spiration riazard Potential adverse human health effects and sym	ntoms	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation		: Irritating to the respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathir of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, a dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can caus CNS(central nervous system) symptoms and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact		: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to sev irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can be absorbed through the sand produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is no likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Photosensitization of the skin may occur. I irritation has a burning sensation somewhat like sunburn and is accentuated by sunlight. Repeat or prolonged contact may contribute to conditions such as dermatitis, tar warts, and roug skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact		: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion		Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sunthroat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Du

its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: This product may cause adverse environmental effects if used improperly or release to the environment through a spill. Employ best management practices to prevent this material from entering storm sewer systems, waterways or otherwise impacting plant and animal species.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Bulldog Coal Tar Primer	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bulldog Coal Tar Primer	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. This product, as supplied, is regulated as a hazardous waste by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency(EPA) under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act(RCRA) regulations. If discarded in its purchased form, the product is a RCRA hazardous waste. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or residue of the product remains classified as a hazardous waste as per 40 CFR 261, Subpart C. State or local regulations may also apply if they are differing from federal regulation. RCRA Hazard Class: D001, Ignitable Hazardous Waste.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT : Not Regulated for transport

Additional information

Other information : Not Regulated when shipped in containers <119 gallons [49 CFR 173.120(b)(2)].

ADR No additional information available

Transport by sea No additional information available

Air transport No additional information available

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

benzo[e]acephenanthrylene	CAS No 205-99-2	0.6141%
dibenzo(a,i)pyrene	CAS No 189-55-9	0.1626%

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

1	
Benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1 lb.
Benzo[b]fluoranthene (205-99-2)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1 lb.
- 1	
Phenathrene (85-01-8)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb.
dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's	1 lb.
List of Lists)	TID.
benzo[a]anthracene (56-55-3)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	10 lb.
fluoranthene (206-44-0)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	

fluoranthene (206-44-0)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb.

dibenzo(a,i)pyrene (189-55-9)		
Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	10 lb.	







chrysene(218-01-9)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb.

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene(193-39-5)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb.

cumene (98-82-8)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb.

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA : No additional information available

EU-Regulations : No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC

[DPD]

Not classified

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5.2.2. National regulations

Benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Benzo[b]fluoranthene (205-99-2)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

benzo[a]anthracene (56-55-3)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

dibenzo(a,i)pyrene (189-55-9)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

chrysene (218-01-9)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (193-39-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Pitch, coal tar, high temp. (65996-93-2)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

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15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

Benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-	-8)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	0.06

Benzo[b]fluoranthene (205-99-2)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	0.096

dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	0.2

benzo[a]anthracene (56-55-3	3)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	0.033

dibenzo(a,i)pyrene (189-55-9)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)	
Yes	No	No	No	0.0050	

chrysene (218-01-9)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	0.35

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene(193-39-5)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)	
Yes	No	No	No		

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cumene (98-82-8)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

Benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Benzo[b]fluoranthene (205-99-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Phenathrene (85-01-8)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

dibenz(a,h)anthracene (53-70-3)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

benzo[a]anthracene (56-55-3)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

fluoranthene (206-44-0)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

dibenzo(a,i)pyrene (189-55-9)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

chrysene (218-01-9)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene(193-39-5)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Pitch, coal tar, high temp. (65996-93-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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cumene (98-82-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

nformation : None. kt of H-phrases:			
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation: vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor) Category 4		
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (initiatation: vapor) Category 4 Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4		
Aguatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category		
Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category		
Aquatic Chronic 1	1		
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2		
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1		
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A		
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B		
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2		
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2B		
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3		
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B		
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2		
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B		
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitization — Skin, category 1		
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor		
H302	Harmful if swallowed		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways		
H315	Causes skin irritation		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction		
H320	Causes eye irritation		
H332	Harmful if inhaled		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation		
H340	May cause genetic defects		
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects		
H350	May cause cancer		
H351	Suspected of causing cancer		
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life		
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects		
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects		

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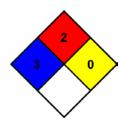


NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

- : 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was
- : 2 Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.
- : 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard : 0 Minimal Hazard Physical

Personal Protection

TBC SDS US (GHS Hazcom 2012)

The information and recommendations contained herein are to the best of PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY'S knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.

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The Environmental Information included, as well as the Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings, have been included by PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with PALMER ASPHALT COMPANY'S interpretation of the available data.